Figure 1.8: Comparison of Traditional Teaching and Flipped Teaching

Traditional Teaching

Step 1

Create learning activities at school to develop an understanding of a new set of knowledge and skills.

Step 2

Assign tasks, typically to be done at home, so that students can practice what was taught during the school day.

Flipped Teaching

Step 1

Create a learning experience, typically teacher-created lessons or videos, in order to introduce new content at home.

Step 2

Engage in activities at school to practice or demonstrate an understanding of the content introduced at home with the teacher present.